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LUANDA NONALIGNED MINISTERIAL CONFERENCE

PART II

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FBIS **DAILY REPORT**

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SUPPLEMENT

Preparatory Meetings to Nonaligned Conference Continue

Draft Resolution Criticizes U.S.

PA032203 Havana International Service in Spanish 1800 GMT 3 Sep 85

[Report by special correspondent Pedro Martinez Pirez from Luanda — recorded]

[Text] Greetings, dear listeners. The crime committed by the U.S. Government against the tiny island of Grenada, nearly 2 years ago, will also be condemned by the conference of the nonaligned countries, which began on Monday here in Luanda.

Grenada entered as a full member of the movement during the sixth summit held in 1979 in Havana; it later attended the ministers' meeting in New Delhi in 1981, and the seventh summit, which was also held in New Delhi in 1983. However, Grenada is regrettably absent from this well-attended Angola meeting, as a result of the genocidal U.S. action, which was duly condemned by the United Nations.

In the draft resolution being analyzed now by the nonaligned delegates in Luanda, the ministers admit they are concerned that despite UN General Assembly Resolution No 38-7, the aggressive U.S. troops continue to occupy the small territory of Grenada in the eastern Caribbean. The ministers of the Nonaligned Movement, which is made up of over 100 countries from 4 continents, have reiterated their unyielding solidarity with the people of Grenada and demand the immediate and unconditional withdrawal of the occupation troops.

The Luanda resolution condemns the hegemonic practices of the United States in Latin America and the Caribbean and supports the rights of the people of Grenada to exercise their sovereignty and determine their own destiny without any foreign intervention.

The U.S. Government is permanently (?in the dock of the accused) during the ministers' conference of the nonaligned in view of its support for the regime of apartheid in South Africa, its secret ties with the Zionists of Tel Aviv, its aggressions against Nicaragua, and its plans to develop star wars. Its crime against Grenada is another violation that the Third World will never forgive, as has already become evident here in Luanda.

That is everything for the time being, dear listeners.

Libya Seeks To Host 1986 Summit

MB031227 Luanda Domestic Service in Portuguese 1900 GMT 2 Sep 85

[Excerpt] As the experts and ambassadors of the nonaligned countries preparing for the ministerial meeting scheduled for Wednesday continued their discussions this afternoon, Libya submitted its candidacy to host the 1986 heads of state and government summit of the nonaligned countries. This meeting, which was scheduled to be held in Iran in February next year, will have to change venue because that country has withdrawn its candidature due to the climate of war between Iraq and Iran. However, sources close to this meeting of experts and ambassadors have circulated information that the nonaligned countries would support the holding of the eighth conference of the heads of state in one of the southern African countries. The political circles of the Nonaligned Movement have observed that the countries represented in the Luanda meeting would support Zimbabwe if that country officially submitted its candidature.

Draft Resolution on Israel, RSA

AB041717 Dakar PANA in English 1450 GMT 4 Sep 85

[Text] Luanda, 4 Sept (ANGOP/PANA) — The ministers of external relations of the Non-Aligned Movement could express concern over the deterioration of the situation in the Middle East caused by Israel's habitually agressive and expansionist policies in the region.

A draft declaration worked out by ambassadors and experts who met yeterday to prepare for the ministerial conference, which opens today, states that the Non-Aligned Movement reaffirms its active solidarity with the Arab countries in their just struggle and of the Palestinian people, under the leadership of the Palestinian Liberation Organisation (PLO), it sole and legitimate representative, for the restoration of their usurped national rights and the recovery of the occupied territories.

In this context, the document emphasises that a just peace in the region can only be based on Israel's total and unconditional withdrawal from all occupied Palestinian and Arab territories and the restoration of all the inalienable rights of the Palestinian people.

The document also denounces the exploitation, by Israel, of the natural resources and wealth of Palestine and the occupied Arab territories in defiance of The Hague and Geneva Conventions. It appeals to all states and international bodies to abstain from recognising Israel's authority and to refrain from any cooperation with it.

The draft document expresses profound concern at the establishment of a strategic alliance between the USA, Israel and South Africa and affirmed that this alliance tends to strengthen the agressive, expansionist and destabilizing role played by Tel Aviv and Pretoria.

The document reiterates the agreements of the Seventh Summit condemning all those policies, in particular, U.S. policy that helps Israel to continue occupying Palestinian and Arab territories and hampering the Palestinian people from exercising their inalienable rights.

In this regard, the document notes that the United States continued support for Israel, through the mutual cooperation agreement, threatens the security of the region and the world.

The document express appreciation of the Non-Aligned Movement's full support for the establishment of a nuclear free zone

in the Middle East, aimed at reducing tensions in the region, in conformity with the relevant resolutions of the United Nations General Assembly, in particular Resolution S-10/12.

In this regard, it is expected that ministers of foreign affairs will appeal to the secretary general of the United Nations to adopt concrete measures in order to establish favourable conditions for the establishment of a nuclear weapon free zone in the Middle East.

Meeting Ends 3 Sep

FL031422 Havana Domestic Service in Spanish 1100 GMT 3 Sep 85

[Text] A total of 120 delegations have arrived in Luanda to participate in the Nonaligned Countries Ministerial Conference which is on its second and last day of the experts preparatory meeting.

Fifty of those delegations are headed by ministers, which according to experts, underscores Angola's success as a host country of the biggest international meeting held in this young African nation.

Political, Economic Committees Hold Sessions

Meetings Begin 3 Sep

LD031817 Belgrade TANJUG in English 1551 GMT 3 Sep 85

[Text] Luanda, 3 September (TANJUG) — The political and economical committees of the Ministerial Conference of the Non-Aligned Countries started their first working sessions in Luanda today. Among the things that are being discussed are the draft declaration prepared by Angola and the agenda of the conference itself.

At today's session in the political committee amendments and suggestions for the improvement of the draft declaration were tabled. Most of the countries suggested that the political declaration of the conference should be more balanced than it is in its present form as to be in accordance with the basic principles of the Non-Aligned Movement. According to informed sources many countries find the draft onesided and unbalanced, too "regionalised" and not stressing enough the independent and non-bloc character of the movement as a global factor in world politics.

The representative of Nepal, for instance, said today that the "non-alignment of the non-aligned movement must be preserved" and suggested, as did delegates from many other countries, concrete proposals to improve the text of the draft in accordance with the basic principles of the movement. At today's session only Vietnam has said that Angola's draft was "excellent and should be accepted in its present form." The discussions in the political committee are continuing tomorrow.

Meanwhile delegates in the economic committee met to discuss the draft of the economic declaration of the ministerial conference. Noting with deep anxiety the worsening economical situation faced by many developing countries they have suggested changes in the draft text of the declaration as to encourage the renewal of dialogue between the developed and developing countries.

Much attention was focused today on the problem of international debts. The Third World countries debts reached almost one billion dollars and many have been suffering badly because high interest rates make repayment an extremely heavy burden for already strained economies of these countries. Ideas about a special summit to discuss the possibility of non-aligned countries refusing to pay their debts was rejected by most of the delegates. Instead, it was suggested that the draft declaration should in its final version encourage economical cooperation among non-aligned countries and promote ways of finding acceptable methods in solving the problem of international debts.

Draft Resolution on UN Anniversary

LD042251 Belgrade TANJUG in English 1835 GMT 4 Sep 85

["Pool" item]

[Text] Luanda, 4 Sept (TANJUG) — The Yugoslav delegation at the 8th Ministerial Conference of the Non-Aligned Countries, currently under way in Luanda, has submitted a proposal that this conference should adopt a special declaration the United Nations having in mind that the 40th anniversary of the formation of the world organization is approaching.

A draft of this declaration has already been presented to the political committee of the conference and according to informed sources has met with approval of other delegations. This Yugoslav draft points out that the 40th anniversary of the UN is being observed in conditions of an aggravated international situation characterised by hotbeds of crisis and other conflicts.

It goes further on to say that the United Nations is a most adequate instrument of non-aligned countries in their struggle for democratisation of international relations and a free choice of political and economic system and against imperialism, colonialism, neo-colonialism, hegemony, foreign aggression occupations and domination as well as against apartheid and racism and all forms of dependence, threat or use of force, interference, pressure and intervention in international relations.

The Yugoslav draft concludes that the lasting value of the visionary purposes and principles of the United Nations Charter, further developed and enriched by the policy of non-alignment, is being confirmed affirming the United Nations as a universal international forum in the maintainance of world peace and security.

Egypt Envoy Attacks Syrian Stand

NC051154 Cairo MENA in Arabic 1040 GMT 5 Sep 85

[Text] Luanda, 5 Sep (MENA) — According to a responsible source in the Egyptian delegation to the nonaligned ministerial meeting currently underway in Luanda, the Egyptian delegate responded in strong terms to the Syrian delegate at the meeting

of the political committee last night. The Syrian delegate had demanded that Egypt be excluded from participating in drafting the reports on the Middle East and Palestine on the pretext that it had signed an agreement with Israel.

The source said that the Egyptian delegate refuted the Syrian delegate's claims. He indicated that Syria signed an agreement with Israel in 1974 under which it agreed to a cease-fire and to end the state of war with Israel.

The Egyptian delegate called on the Syrian delegate to examine his country's own record to judge who should be excluded from participating in resolving the Middle East and Palestinian problems. Referring to Syria's shameful role in Lebanon, the Egyptian delegate said that Syria had carried out the Tal al-Za'tar massacre in which thousands of Palestinian women and children were killed. The Syrian deterrent forces also stood by while the Israeli forces invaded Lebanon.

The Egyptian delegate added that it had become clear that the Syrian forces were sent to Lebanon just to deter the Palestinians and the Lebanese and nothing else. He said that Syria is helping Israeli objectives in the area and is liquidating the Palestinians in Lebanon on behalf of Israel.

Concluding his speech, the Egyptian delegate affirmed that Egypt's hands are clean and there is not a single drop of blood on them. He warned the Syrian delegate not to resort to such tactics. He affirmed that Egypt refused to draw the conference into vituperation designed to waste time and divert the conference from its objective. This objective, he said, is to provide protection for the Palestinian camps in Lebanon which are under the mercy of the Ba'thist Syrians.

Draft Resolutions Debated

AB051034 Paris AFP in English 1011 GMT 5 Sep 85

[Text] Luanda, Sept 5 (AFP) — The meeting of foreign ministers of the Nonaligned Movement went into the second of its four scheduled days here today, continuing debate on the two draft resolutions on political and economic matters put forward by Angola.

An official Angolan source said the special committees studying each resolution had been split into working groups to consider various aspects covered by the respective motions. On the political committee, they included southern Africa, the peaceful use of nuclear energy and making the Indian Ocean a "zone of peace". Conference spokesman Paolino Pinto-Joao said one delegation had proposed an additional clause on "the nuclear capabilities of South Africa and Israel and the threat they represent to the peace and security of peoples."

On the economic committee, a consultative group was tackling the first six clauses of the draft resolution "in order to harmonise and enrich it", Mr Pinto-Joao said. A working group had also been set up to look at "South-South" economic cooperation. Delegations had put forward several amendments, covering such topics as the world's poorest countries, the "new world economic order" and landlocked states.

Peruvian Foreign Minister Allan Wanger told AGENCE FRANCE-PRESSES last night that his delegation had suggested a dialogue between debtor and creditor countries to try to settle the (?Third) World's debt, expected to reach 1,000 billion dollars this year.

Mr Wanger said such a dialogue must concern itself with such principles as joint responsibility for the causes of debt and their resolution, fairer sharing of the burden of economic adjustment, revision of loan conditions and the tying of debt servicing charges to export revenue. New Peruvian President Alan Garcia Perez said at his recent inauguration that Lima would pay no more than 10 percent of its export revenue towards servicing its 13 billion dollar debt.

A total of 18 delegations from Nonaligned Movement member states, observers and invited guests are attending the ministerial conference, which is also to decide on a venue for the next Nonaligned summit.

Nonaligned Ministerial Conference Begins 4 Sep

Angolan President Opens Session

PA041513 Hamburg DPA in Spanish 1428 GMT 4 Sep 85

[Text] Luanda, 4 Sep (DPA) — Angolan President Jose Eduardo dos Santos today inaugurated the Nonaligned Movement Ministerial Conference, for which 119 delegations from 90 countries have assembled in Luanda.

In his close to 1 and 1/2 hour-long opening address, the African head of state stressed that nonalignment is an instrument to strengthen the independence of Third World countries and help overcome crisis situations.

Dos Santos said that the Nonaligned Movement, which is based on the principle of peaceful coexistence, must maintain "an independent posture in connection with East-West relations," particularly with regard to matters like disarmament, decolonization, and the struggle against starvation.

The Angolan chief of state urged nuclear powers to negotiate nuclear disarmament, saying that this would have positive effects on the establishment of a new world economic order.

During his speech at the Luanda convention palace, the Angolan leader denounced racial repression in South Africa at the hands of the minority white rule and said that the South African policy of racial segregation poses a "permanent threat to international peace, stability, and safety."

In this same line, the Angolan president emphatically condemned what he called the "U.S. support" for South Africa's racist regime.

Dos Santos added that "the armed conflict" in Angola is not a civil war but is the consequence of South Africa's armed intervention with the support of the United States. It is "an aggression by the Pretoria-Washington axis" against Angola, the Angolan

president said.

Addressing world economy and the burdensome foreign debt many countries are facing, the African statesman said that the debtor nations must maintain a "coordinated position" in their negotiations with the creditor nations.

Meanwhile, and on the same day of the Nonaligned Movement Ministerial Conferences' inauguration, the committee for political and economic affairs began to review a draft resolution prepared by Angola for use as a working document.

Sources at the conference reported that several delegations have raised serious objections to the Angolan draft resolution, which is highly critical of the United States, because they have reportedly concluded that the document is an attempt to redicrect the Nonaligned Movement "toward Cuba's position."

The possibility that the draft resolution will be the object of a deep redrafting to eliminate the "unilateral" position that several delegations attending the Luanda conference have found it presents has not been ruled out.

The 67-page draft resolution states that the ends of the Nonaligned Movement include the struggle for freedom, disarmament, and economic development. The document demands that military spending be cut and those funds used for economic develpment, that the Antarctic be declared the "patrimony of mankind" to protect it from despoliation, that the Indian Ocean be declared a "peace zone," and requests international support for Namibia's SWAPO independence movement.

Further on Speech

AB051258 Dakar PANA in French 1026 GMT 5 Sep 85

[Text] Luanda, 5 Sep (ANGOP/PANA) — Today, our movement is an irreplaceable political framework for the safeguarding of freedom, independence, and equal rights for the peoples. This was stated by Angolan head of state Jose Eduardo dos Santos on Wednesday in Luanda, while opening the eighth Ministerial Conference of the Nonaligned Countries.

President Jose Eduardo called for more and more dynamic and constructive initiatives to overcome the crisis situations as well as the diversity of ideological conceptions characterizing each of the nations making up the organization, a he'erogeneous product. He said this should be done in a manner that should not jeopardize the major essential concerns of these countries.

This particular characteristic of the Nonaligned Movement makes it an extremely important world forum for peace, political exchange of views, and the reduction of international and regional tensions.

The Angolan head of state called for increased vigilance. "We must ensure that international imperialism does not use our differences to sow discord between member-states, in order to weaken our cohesion and our (?steps) to seek a more just international relations."

Indian Delegate Condemns RSA

HK050730 Hong Kong AFP in English 0656 GMT 5 Sep 85

[Text] Luanda, Sep 5 (AFP) — Indian Minister of State for External Affairs Khurshed Khan stepped up the attack on apartheid here Wednesday at the opening session of the Nonaligned Movement's Ministerial Conference.

Angolan President Jose Eduardo dos Santos, in a curtain-raising speech, had earlier urged the movement to press for mandatory economic sanctions against Pretoria.

Mr Khan told the 100 or so delegations that the South African Government had given ample proof recently that it has "no scruple in killing, maiming and detaining arbitrarily those who dare to raise their voice in protest."

South Africa was "a challenge to the conscience of mankind," he said.

It "could not persist in its defiance of the will of the international community for so long but for the diplomatic and moral support and the wide-ranging collaboration in the economic, military, nuclear and other fields that it receives from its friends and allies," he said.

He criticized the paralysis of action against pretoria at the United Nations Security Council because of vetoes by the council's Western permanent members.

Mr Khan reiterated New Delhi's support for the Palestine Liberation Organization and the importance of convening soon an international peace conference on the Middle East involving all concerned parties. He also criticized the U.S. "Starwars" space weapons program.

On the war between Iran and Iraq, both of them members of the Nonaligned Movement, he said Indian mediation efforts continued in a bid to end the nearly five-year-old conflict.

He regretted the repeated postponement of the Colombo Peace Conference on the Indian Ocean, now due early next year, due to what he called "intransigent attitudes and dilatory tactics of certain powers."

He attacked the rich countries for their "narrow interest of preserving their positions of privilege" and called for greater economic cooperation among poor nations to help them along the difficult road to "collective self-reliance."

India, which staged the seventh non-aligned summit in New Delhi in 1983, is the current chair of the Non-Aligned Movement.

It is due to give it up at next year's summit, but some here have suggested the meeting could be put off for a year to give Indian Prime Minister Rajiv Gandhi, who took over from his late mother Indira, more time to establish himself on the international scene.

Nicaraguan Envoy Calls for 'Special Meeting'

PA031435 Managua Radio Sandino in Spanish 0000 GMT 3 Sep 85

[Text] Nicaragua believes the Nonaligned Movement should hold another special meeting to address the serious situation this country and the rest of Central America is confronting, Javier Chamorro Mora, Nicaragua's permanent representative to the United Nations has said. He stated that the area's situation has deteriorated as a result of the United States' hegemonistic policy since the last of such meetings was held in Nicaragua in January 1983.

Chamorro Mora, who is one of Nicaragua's delegates at Luanda's Nonaligned Ministerial Conference, recalled that the explosive situation prevailing in Central America has been one of the outstanding topics addressed by the Nonaligned Movement's Coordinating Bureau over the past several months during its meetings at the UN headquarters in New York City.

The Nicaraguan representative to the United Nations told PRENSA LATINA that the meeting should take place in early 1986 to respond to the area's fast-breaking developments.

SDAR's Ould Salek Comments on Conference

LD031528 Algiers APS in English 1150 GMT 3 Sep 85

[Text] Luanda, 03/09/85 (APS) — A delegation of the Saharan Arab Democratic Republic (SADR) is presently in Luanda to attend the Ministerial Conference of the Non-Aligned Movement. The delegation composed of several members is led by Ould Salek, Politburo member and responsible of the external relations of the movement is having many contacts with hundreds of attending delegates in the Angolese capital. [Sentence as received]

In a declaration to APS, the Saharan leader underlined that the Saharan Arab Democratic Republic issue will be one of the main points on the agenda of the ministerial conference. For the Saharan representative, there is no doubt that the conference will inspire itself from the O.A.U. decisions adopted in a consensus by the United Nations.

This concerns particularly the Resolution 104 of the 19th O.A.U. summit which calls the two warring — SADR and Morocco — to direct negotiations before the organization of a self-determination referendum in the Saharan territory.

Angola Official on Talks With U.S., Tanks in Luanda

MB031901 Luanda Domestic Service in Portuguese 1200 GMT 3 Sep 85

[Excerpts] The political and economic commission sessions of the Nonaligned Ministerial Conference began today to examine draft declarations submitted by Angola in order to reach a consensus for the final Luanda declaration. The political commission is presided over by Cyprus while the economic commission is presided over by the Cooperative Republic of Guyana.

The draft political declaration presented by Angolan Ambassador (Olte Lima) includes issues connected with the liberation process in southern Africa and the role and importance of the movement during the present international situation and with regard to the African economic crisis.

At a press conference yesterday, Venancio de Moura, the deputy minister of external relations of the People's Republic of Angola, referred to the suspension of talks between the Angolan Government and South Africa and the United States.

[Begin De Moura recording] On the resumption of negotiations, we have already indicated here and have been saying publicly on various occasions that when we suspended the talks with South Africa and the United States, we gave our reasons for the suspension. We asked these two governments to give an explanation. As long as the explanation is not forthcoming or satisfactory to our authorities, obviously we cannot resume the talks. What is more, and as you all know, it is up to the person who has cretated obstacles to show signs of amend. In other words, it is important to note that it was the South Africans who led the Angolan Government to this new attitude following the attempt to destroy the Malongo oil installations.

[Words indistinct] Obviously, we cannot accept that while we are making significant steps toward detente — to achieve peace — we should be stabbed in the back as was the case of the attempt to sabotage the Malongo oil installations. It is also worth pointing out that at that particular period, we were in contact with the South African authorities to hold talks at another level, a higher level, that would eventually result in important decisions in the long process of negotiations we had been having. I repeat: At the time of the Malongo attempt, we were preparing to hold a meeting at a higher level, and I would not be going too far if I told you that the meeting was to be held in a fraternal country. However, 1 or 2 days before we left for the meeting, we received information that a special commando group of the South African Armed Forces, led by the captured major whom you had the opportunity to meet, was in Cabinda. How then can it be expected that in these conditions we should believe that South Africa is honestly committed to the search for a solution unless we receive an explanation that would convince us of this? How can we believe that South Africa is honest when, contrary to the political desire of the international community, a few days thereafter it decides to install a puppet government in Namibia? When we see, for example, that contrary to the Lusaka pledges that provided for South African withdrawal from Angola in 30 days, that withdrawal is realized after 1 year? This is the least I can say about this issue.

With regard to the United States, it is more or less a similar situation. Some time ago, a meeting of international counter-revolutionaries took place somewhere (?next to) our territory. Should we believe that the United States, whose representation we were negotiating with, was honestly involved in these negotiations when we see that this government [words indistinct] the repeal of the Clark amendment? [Words indistinct] that almost during the same period, the United States, I mean the State Department, the officials of the U.S. Government, receive puppets and renegades [words indistinct] UNITA and others?

Accordingly, (?we have decided to suspend) the talks until there is a more serious attitude. However, as I see it, the suspension does not mean the end of the talks. The door will continue to be open until the time when the parties involved would honestly want to find a solution for peace in this region. [End recording]

The press conference was attended by dozens of national and foreign journalists, during which six prisoners of the UNITA puppet gang and South African Captain Wynand du Toit were presented. The South African captain was captured in Cabinda during a sabotage attempt on the Malongo oil installations. On the occasion, Venancio de Moura took the opportunity to invite the foreign press covering the Luanda conference to get a clearer picture of the struggle of our people on a realistic and honest basis. This would be contrary to the attitude of an AFP journalist who, on the eve of the conference, shocked Angolan public opinion with a dispatch saying Luanda was living in a situation of imminent war.

[Begin De Moura recording] In reference to the armored vehicles, I was a bit surprised because we are involved in the conference, not only as members of the Angolan delegation, but also as leaders of our country. As such, we and the people as a whole have been trying to create the minimum agreeable conditions for our guests whether they are active participants in the conference or not. Actually, we are all participants and that is why we are here and, therefore, we know our capital city quite well. [Words indistinct] and we have not seen armored vehicles. Perhaps there is a misunderstanding, if not a deliberate intention of this AFP report .... [changes thought] There are historic armored vehicles in our capital but not here as far as I could gather. Of course, our friends don't know yet .... [changes thought] This would be the responsibility of our colleagues who are providing you with several tourist facilities and a tour of the city. Not only that, they will take you to the area known as [word indistinct] where there are armored vehicles captured from the enemy army which, as we were saying, invaded our country soon after 11 November. You will also see another captured armored piece further up, namely in the field we today call 1 May where there have been meeetings [preceeding word in English] and [words indistinct]. However, I must stress that these are pieces which were captured in the 1970's, namely in 1975 and 1976.

Therefore, there are no armored vehicles in circulation in Luanda, and I am supposed to know that. They could be circulating, but that would be to guarantee our safety. We are supposed to look after our guests. I am not ashamed of saying this because you are also aware that we are facing acts of destabilization, including subversive and intervention actions, both military and paramilitary, which are carried out through these gangs. The physical nature of these gangs has been dealt with earlier.

We should say that the People's Republic of Angola is for the first time hosting a conference of this stature under present circumstances. It is the first time in 10 years that we host such a conference, but in our country, 10 years don't mean that we are emancipated and mature. Nevertheless, in these 10 years we have become aware that we must look after our guests.

Yet, despite the destabilizing and aggressive actions, the Angolan people, who are your friends, have not found it necessary to place armored vehicles in the streets of Luanda. We have placed [words indistinct] and the back up, though not as efficient as in several countreis we know of. However, even countries in our region, or rather on our continent, are not yet in a position to host a meeting of this magnitude although they have been independent for more than 10 years. They either lack the physical infrastructure or the technical and material conditions. [End recording]

Reporter Expelled for Claiming Military in Luanda

MB050957 Luanda ANGOP in Spanish 0920 GMT 5 Sep 85

[Text] Luanda, 5 Sep (ANGOP) — Mr Barry Parker of AFP has been declared persona non grata by the Angolan authorities and was invited to leave the country immediately, according to an official source. Mr Parker arrived in the People's Republic of Angola with the deliberate intention of spreading untruths about Angola to the disinformation offices of the Western press. He hardly knew the city when he sent a provocative and slanderous dispatch against Angola, said the same source.

In his Telex, Mr Parker says that more than 60 ministers, ambassadors, and delegations which are arriving for the nonaligned conference will see strong military presence around Luanda. Armored vehicles permanently guard some strategic points in the capital such as the (?Mutamba) center, military airplanes fly over Luanda, and the state of emergency is strictly rigorous.

More than 150 newsmen are the proof that the reality of daily life in Angola is open to everyone. Everthing is open for everyone to see. Everything except what is in the dispatch of Mr Parker, who has betrayed the principles of journalism which require that news must always reveal the truth. As it is, Mr Parker is doing no such thing in Angola, and thus he is expelled from Angola.

ANC's Nzo Comments on Violence, Strategy

HK040550 Hong Kong AFP in English 0522 GMT 4 Sep 85

[Text] Luanda, Sep 4 (AFP) — The secretary-general of South Africa's main opposition force, the outlawed African National Congress (ANC), warned here Tuesday that the current wave of repression by South Africa's white minority rulers "will not solve the country's problems."

The official, Alfred Nzo, who is here for the Nonaligned Movement's ministerial conference which opens today, told AGENCE FRANCE-PRESSE that the repression "shows very clearly" that the government "is not able to rule the country, which the people are determined to make ungovernable."

South Africa was in "a very deep political and economic crisis," he said, and sanctions could be "very successful" if the administration of U.S. President Ronald Reagan "decided not to be deaf to the demands of its own people.

"The answer of the oppressed people is to further escalate the struggle, increasingly joined by segments of the white population," Mr Nzo said.

ANC strategy remained a combination of political activities and armed struggle, he said, but it wanted to avoid "unnecessary massacres of innocent civilians."

However, Pretoria was making it impossible to distinguish between innocent civilians and the others. He warned that it was "impossible to expect for ever a one-sided bloodshed."

SFRY's Dizdarevic Meets Delegation Heads

LD040224 Belgrade TANJUG Domestic Service in Serbo-Croatian 2004 GMT 3 Sep 85

[Text] Luanda 3 Sep (TANJUG) — Raif Dizdarevic, federal secretary for foreign affairs, today continued his consultations with the heads of other delegations that will take part in the Ministerial Conference of Nonaligned Countries in Luanda. Today Dizdarevic had meetings with the following ministers: Zambian Foreign Minister Goma; Egyptian Minister of Foreign Affairs 'Abd al-Majid; Argentine Minister of Foreign Affairs Dante Caputo; and the head of the Kuwaiti delegation, Muhammad 'Abd al-Hasan.

The federal secretary for foreign affairs also had talks with the head of the delegation from the Saharab Arab Democratic Republic, Mohamad Lamine Ould, and Constantin Oancea, Romanian deputy foreign minister.

In the course of all these talks an extensive exchange of views was conducted on all the issues of importance for the successful outcome of the ministerial conference of the nonaligned countries. All sides expressed their firm belief that the conference should contribute to the further consolidation of the movement and the stepping up of its activity in line with the original principles of the policy of nonalignment.

It was emphasized during the talks that the final declaration to be adopted by the conference, should reflect the independent, non-bloc, and global character of the movement and the policy of nonalignement. Reference was also made to the issues already discussed at the ambassadorial level and by experts. These include the situation in southern Africa and other hotbeds of crisis in the world and the unfavorable international economic relations which affect the developing countries most.

Particular attention was devoted to the issue of the host of the eighth summit meeting of nonaligned countries. This is a crucial decisions for the movement and its further activity in the current complex international situation, and should be made at the Luanda ministerial conference.

Leaders Send Messages to Nonaligned Conference

PRC's Wu Xueqian

OW030120 Beijing XINHUA in English 0106 GMT 3 Sep 85

[Text] Beijing, September 3 (XINHUA) — China today praised the important role the Non-Aligned Movement has played in the struggle against imperialism, colonialism, racism and hegemonism.

In a message to the conference of foreign ministers of the non-aligned countries beginning in Luanda, Angola, tomorrow, Chinese Foreign Minister Wu Xueqian said that over the past two decades, the people of the non-aligned countries, together with people of other countries in the world, have achieved major successes in their struggle against imperialism, old and new colonialism, racism, and foreign domination and hegemonism of all descriptions.

As an important political force on the present international arena, the Non-Aligned Movement exerts great influence and enjoys high prestige, he added.

With its venue in Angola, a Front-Line country fighting against South African aggression and threat, the conference is of special significance, he pointed out.

Wu said, the Chinese Government highly appreciates the purpose of the Non-Aligned Movement and its principles of independence, sovereignty and non-bloc and firmly supports the non-aligned countries in their struggle to safeguard national independence, develop national economy and promote world peace.

He expressed his belief that the conference will be conducive to the strengthening of the unity of the Non-Aligned Movement and the adherence to its established principles and purposes so as to enable the Non-Aligned Movement to make still greater contributions in international affairs.

From India's Gandhi

BK040915 Delhi ISI Diplomatic Information Service in English 0832 GMT 4 Sep 85

[Text] The following is the full text of the prime minister's message to the conference of the foreign ministers of the non-aligned countries to be held in Luanda, Angola, from 4 to 7 September 1985:

"Our world today is passing through an unprecedented crisis. Even the pervasive fear of a nuclear holocaust has not moved the great powers towards any meaningful disarmament. There is in fact a paralysis of will.

The economic crisis has deepened. The impact is mainly on the developing world. The burden of external debt has produced a severe resources crunch. It is already having grave consequences on the social and political fabric of some countries. The financial institutions can well collapse. In spite of this the North-South dialogue on global economic issues is still to get off the ground. Indeed the institutional framework for international cooperation is facing pressures we have never witnessed before.

In South Africa, the repression let loose by the minority regime has reached intolerable levels. We see only further bloodshed ahead. Africa is still reeling under terrible effects of the recent famine.

The situation in Central America, the Middle East, and the Gulf endangers not only their peoples but also constitutes a threat to international peace and security.

In the backdrop of this grim scenario the Luanda ministerial meeting faces a grave challenge. Economic, social, and political pressures erode the strength of our movement. We have no alternative but to overcome our differences and thereby strengthen our unity. We have to come out with a clear reaffirmation of the principles of the Nonaligned Movement and adhere to them. We must reiterate the role of the movement as a positive factor in international relations today.

Among the most cherished principles of the movement has been its belief in the United Nations and the multilateral process. We regret that we see a steady drift away from multilaterialism. Therefore, besides striving for our own solidarity and steadfastness we must also reaffirm our commitment to the United Nations in this year when we celebrate the 40th anniversary of the United Nations.

May I wish all success to the foreign ministers of the nonaligned assembled in Luanda".

Turkish Cypriot Atakol Contacts Islamic Nations

TA011152 (Clandestine) Bayrak Radio in Turkish to Cyprus 1030 GMT 1 Sep 85

[Text] Kenan Atakol, acting prime minister and foreign affairs and defense minister, has asked the Islamic countries to react to the discussion of the Cyprus issue at the nonaligned conference in Angola and the submission of resolutions on the issue to the conference. Atakol sent messages to the foreign ministers of the Islamic member-countries of the nonaligned group saying that the Greek Cypriot Administration in southern Cyprus represents only the Greek Cypriot community and that it has no right or authority to represent or speak on behalf of the Turkish Cypriots. Noting that the government of the Turkish Republic of Northern Cyprus [TRNC] is the sole legal representative of the Turkish Cypriot people, Atakol recalled that the Greek Cypriot delegation headed by Foreign Minister Iakovou that will participate in the nonaligned conference in Angola will do everything in its power to show that it represents the whole island and to elicit one-sided resolutions in favor of the Greek Cypriots. Atakol said: As the prime minister of a brotherly Islamic country in solidarity with other Islamic countries, I hope that your delegation will not support any action to be undertaken or resolution to be submitted in the absence of the Turkish Cypriot side.

Atakol stated that he supports the principle adopted by the Islamic Conference foreign ministers meeting that the Turkish Cypriot side should be granted the right to speak at all international forums at which the Cyprus problem is to be discussed. He added that, therefore, all member-countries of the Islamic Conference should strongly react to the discussion of the Cyprus problem at conferences at which the Turkish Cypriot side is not represented. He also asked the Islamic delegations to use their influence and take steps to prompt the other friendly delegations to act in a similar manner.

UNITA Claims Sabotaged Power Lines to Luanda

AU041213 Paris AFP in English 1157 GMT 4 Sep 85

[Text] Lisbon, Sept 4 (AFP) — The rebel National Union for the Total Independence of Angola (UNITA) said today its guerrillas had sabotaged the high tension power line supplying the Angolan capital of Luanda, where a Ministerial Conference of the Non-Aligned Movement is currently taking place.

In a communique delivered here UNITA said Luanda's power supply had been cut September 1, 2 and 3 "in response to the provocation" of the holding of the conference.

UNITA also said that government efforts to recapture the southern Angolan towns of Cazombo and Mavinga had failed, with the defeat of the 63rd Brigade and the capture of 16 government troops.

An Angolan Air Force MIG-21 was shot down at Cazombo Monday, UNITA said.